## Speech Separation



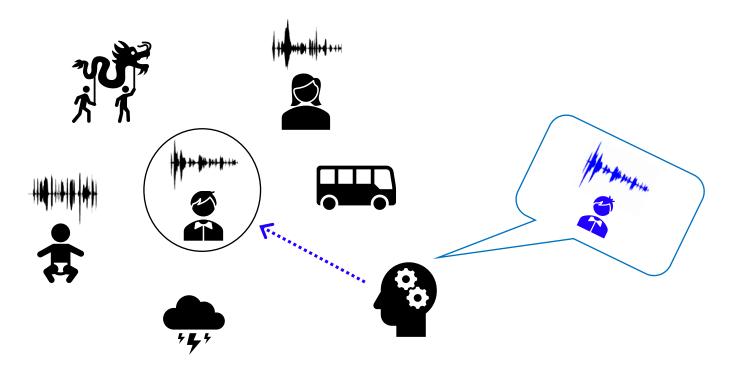
#### HUNG-YI LEE

Some slides are from 楊靖平



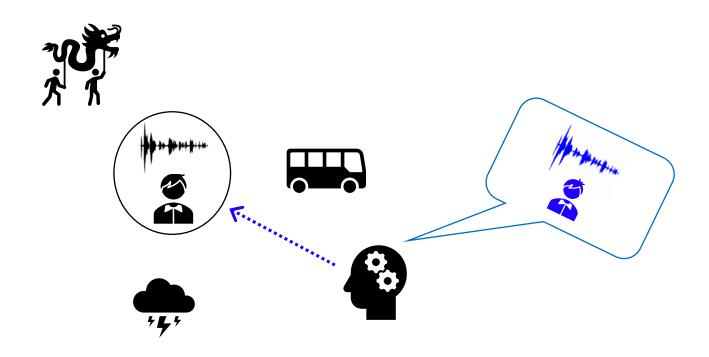
## Speech Separation

• Humans can focus on the voice produced by a single speaker in a crowded and noisy environments.



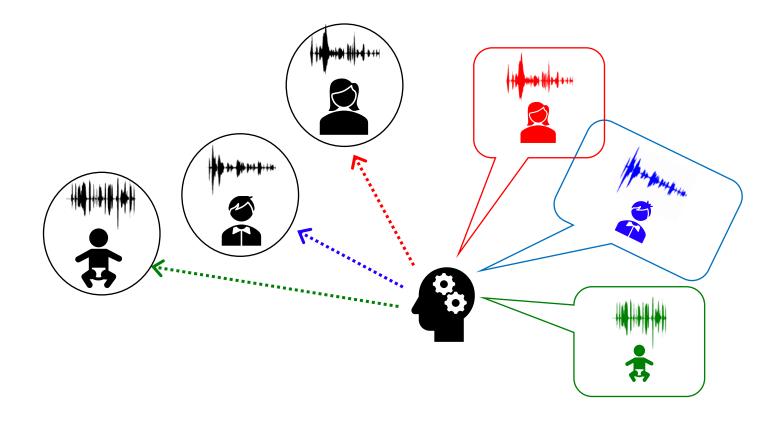
## Speech Separation

• **Speech Enhancement**: speech-nonspeech separation (denoising)



## Speech Separation

• Speaker Separation: multi-speaker talking



## Speaker Separation

Input and output have the same length

Seq2seq is not needed



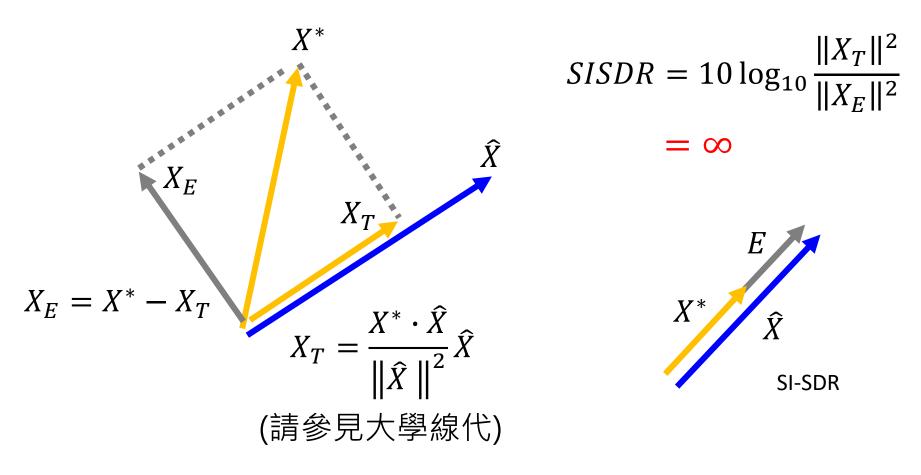
- Focusing on Two speakers
- Focusing on Single microphone
- Speaker independent: training and testing speakers are completely different

It is easy to generate training data.

## X is speech signal (vector) here Evaluation $SNR = 10 \log_{10} \frac{\|\hat{X}\|^2}{\|E\|^2}$ Signal-to-noise ratio (SNR) ground truth output of model $F = \widehat{X} - X^* \qquad \widehat{X}$ Simply larger the output can increase SNR? *X*\* $\widehat{X}$

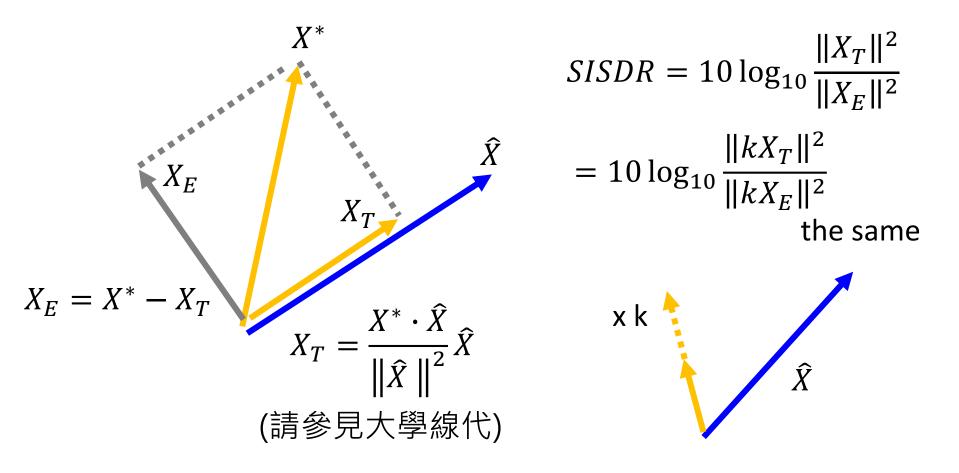
## Evaluation X is speech signal (vector) here

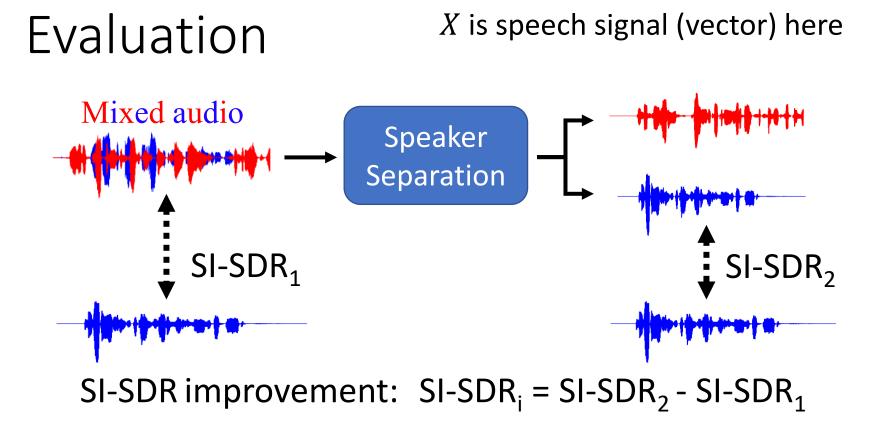
SI-SDR = SI-SNR
Scale invariant signal-to-distortion ratio (SI-SDR)



## Evaluation

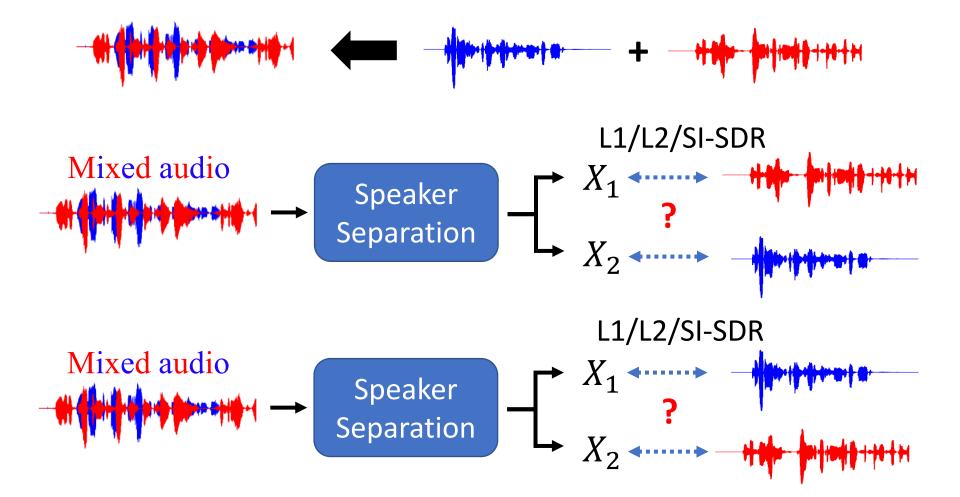
Scale invariant signal-to-distortion ratio (SI-SDR)





- <u>Perceptual evaluation of speech quality</u> (PESQ) was designed to evaluate the quality, and the score ranges from -0.5 to 4.5.
- <u>Short-time</u> objective intelligibility (STOI) was designed to compute intelligibility, and the score ranges from 0 to 1.

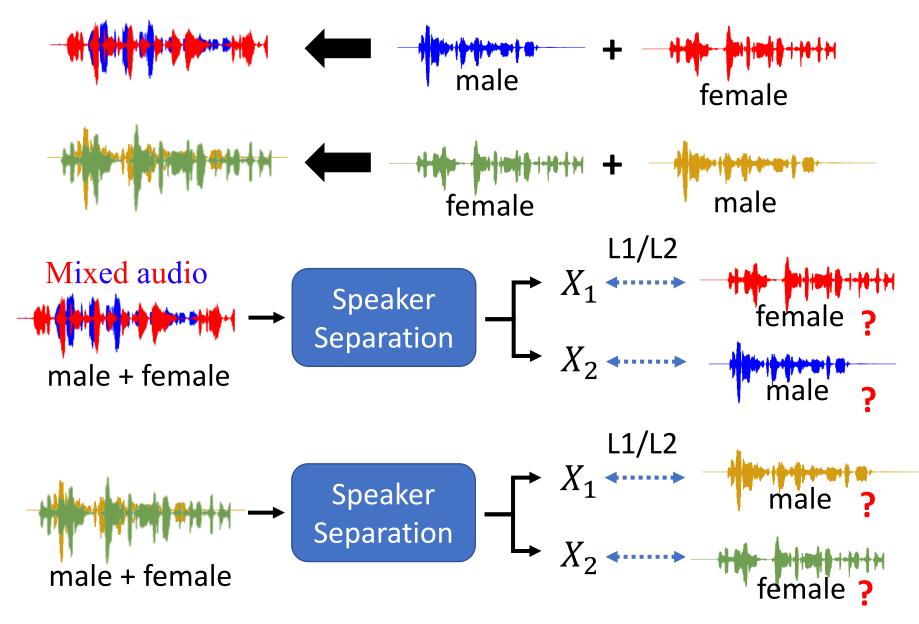
#### **Permutation Issue**



To achieve speaker independent training, the training data contain many different speakers.

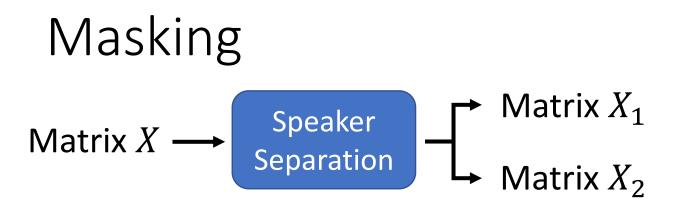
#### **Permutation Issue**

Cluster by Gender? Pitch? Energy?

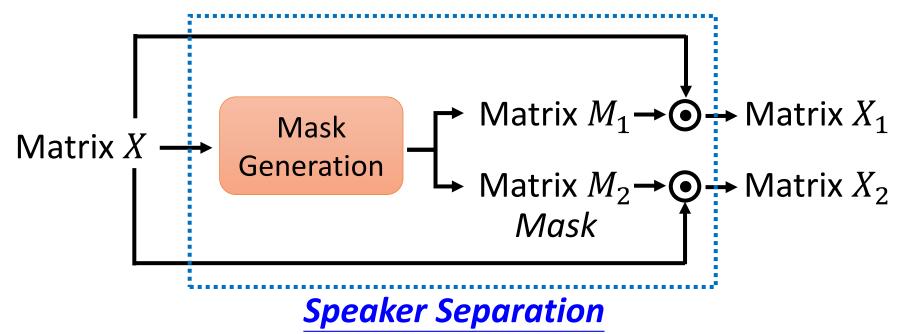


## Deep Clustering





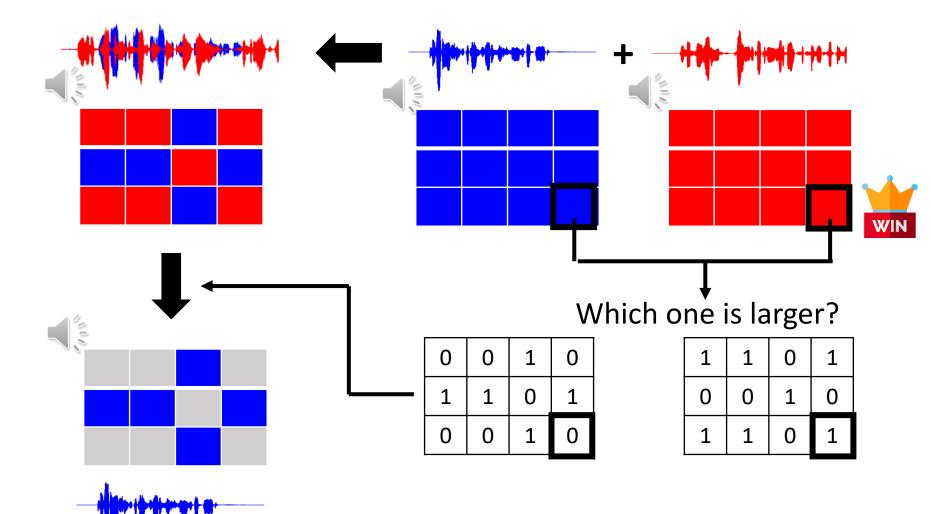
Mask can be binary or continuous.



### Ideal Binary Mask (IBM)

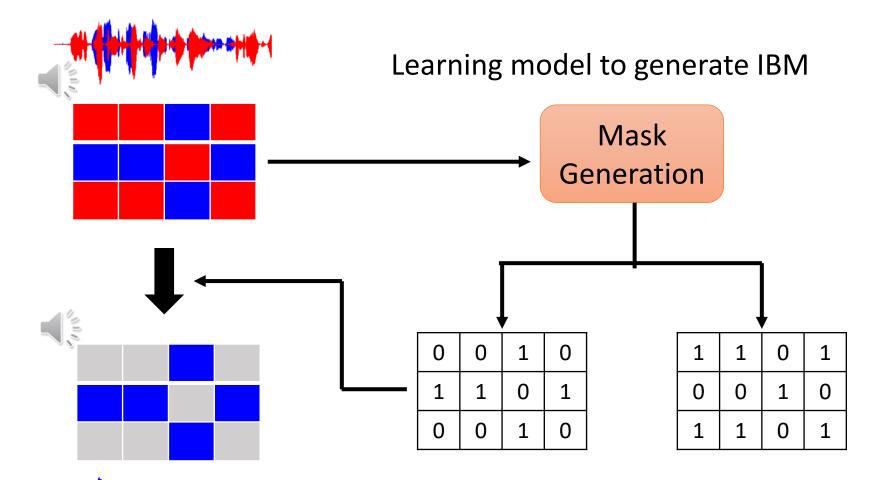
感謝吳元魁同學提供實驗結果

Each audio is represented by its spectrogram.



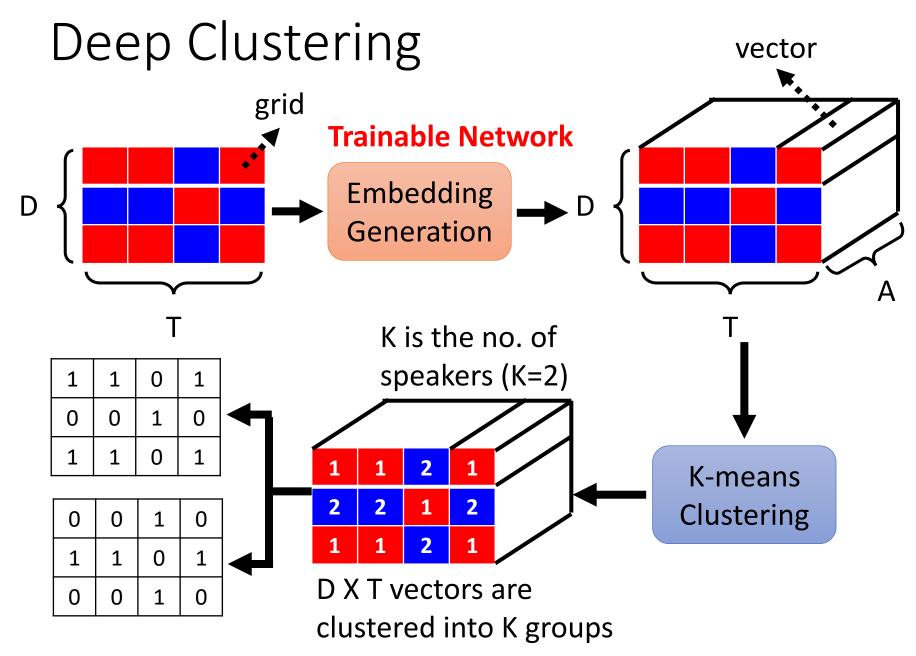
### Ideal Binary Mask (IBM)

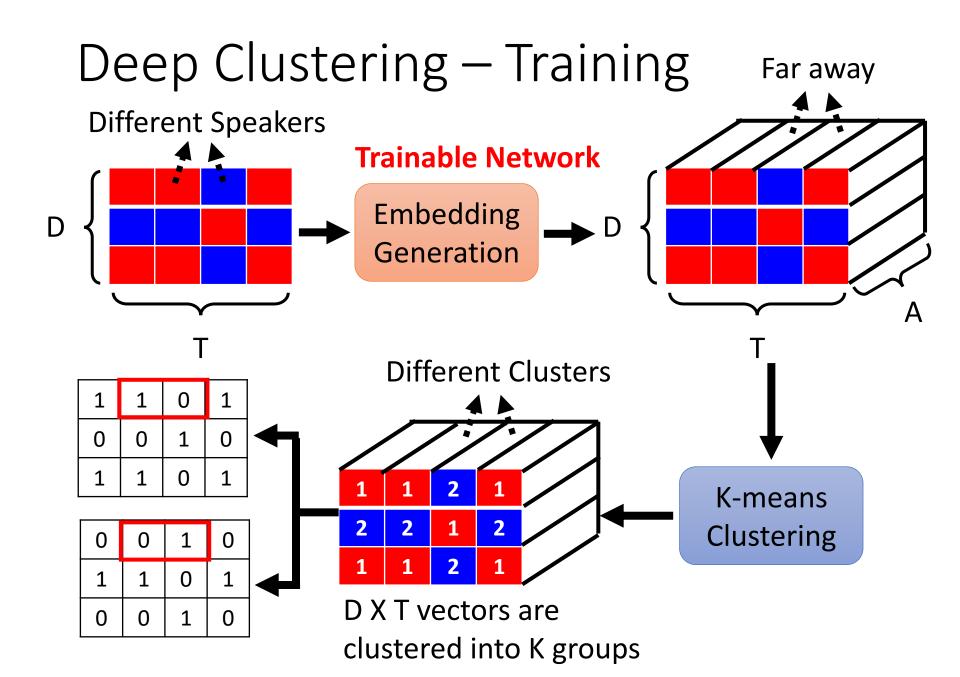
Each audio is represented by its spectrogram.

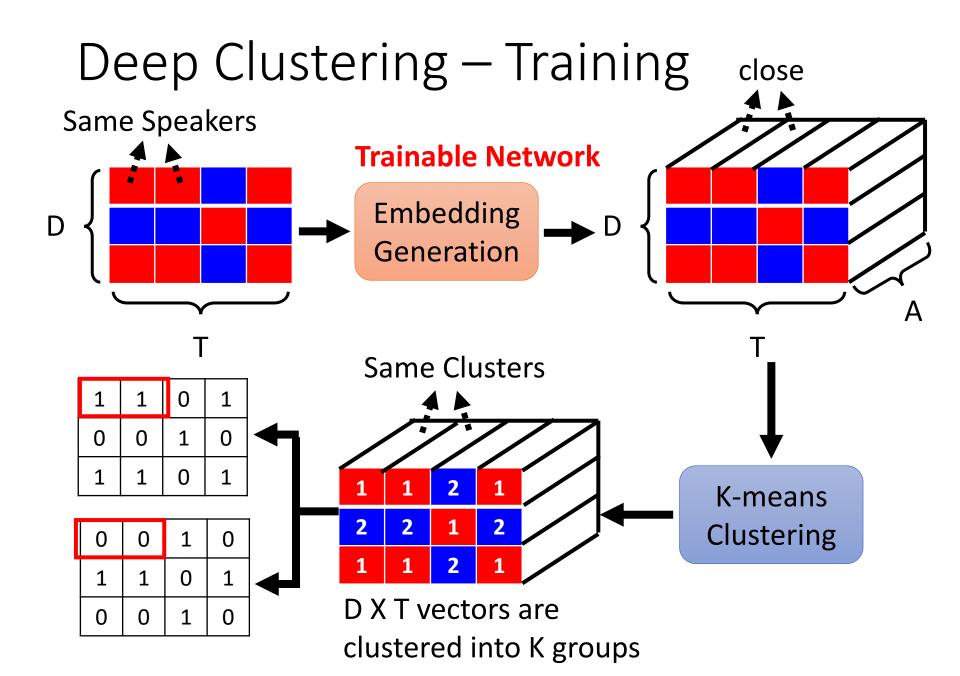


IBM can be obtained during training

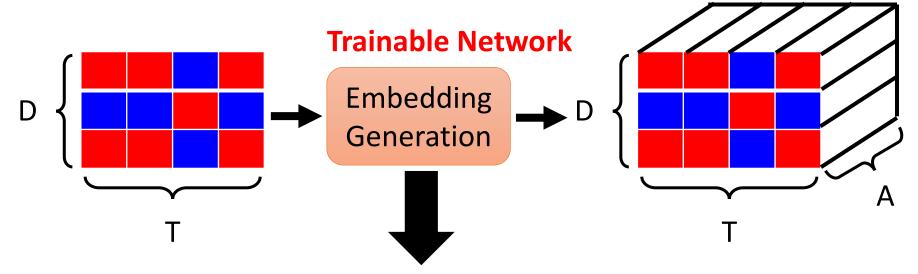
#### [Hershey, et al., ICASSP'16]







## Deep Clustering – Training



- The grids for different speakers are far way.
- The grids belonging to the same speakers are close to each other.

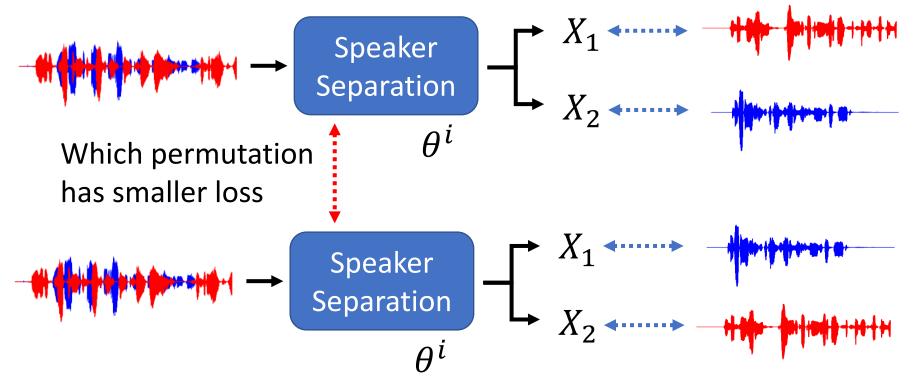
It is possible to train with two speakers, but test on three speakers (K=3 during k-means)! [Hershey, et al., ICASSP'16]

Permutation Invariant Training (PIT)

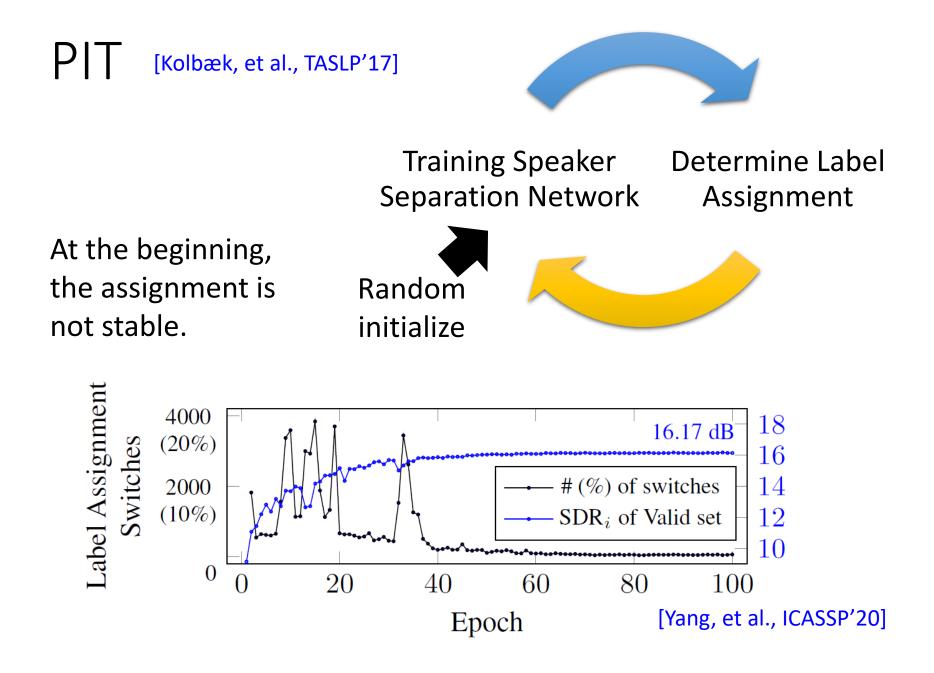


# Permutation Invariant Training (PIT)

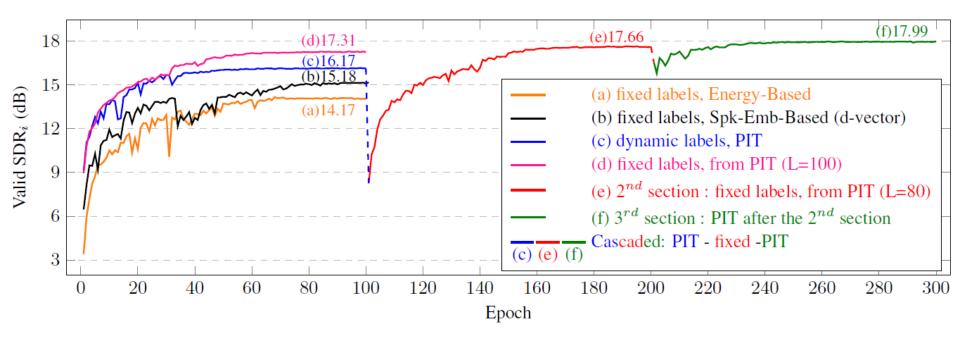
Given a speaker separation model  $\theta^i$ , we can determine the permutation



But we need permutation to train speaker separation model ...

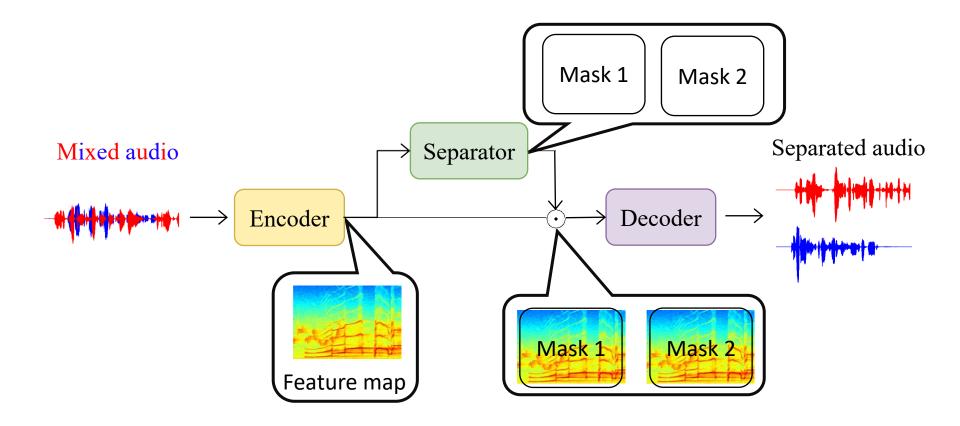


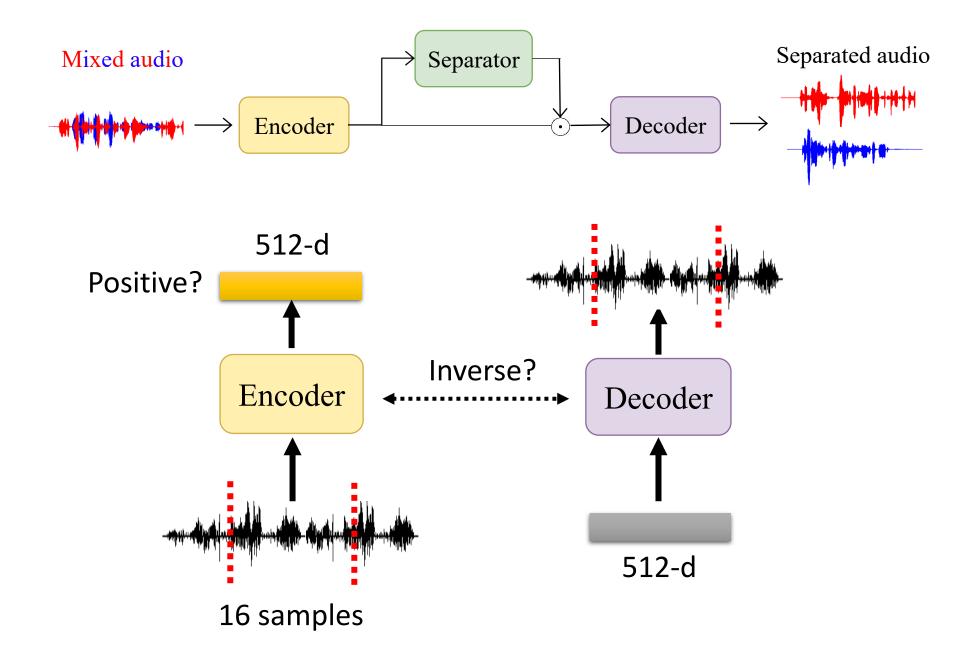
#### PT [Kolbæk, et al., TASLP'17]

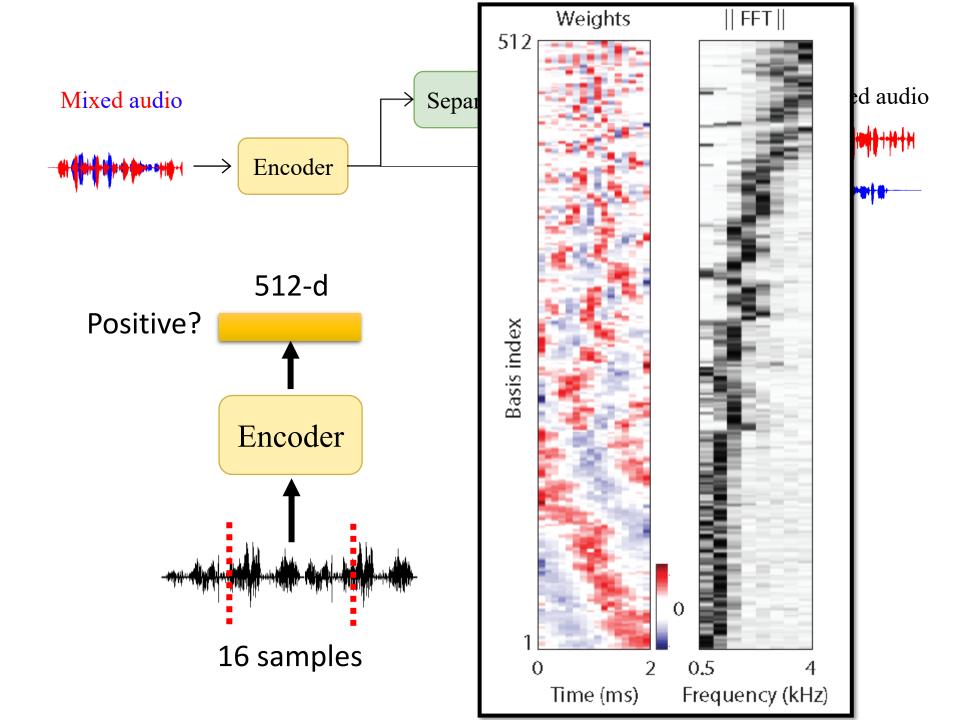


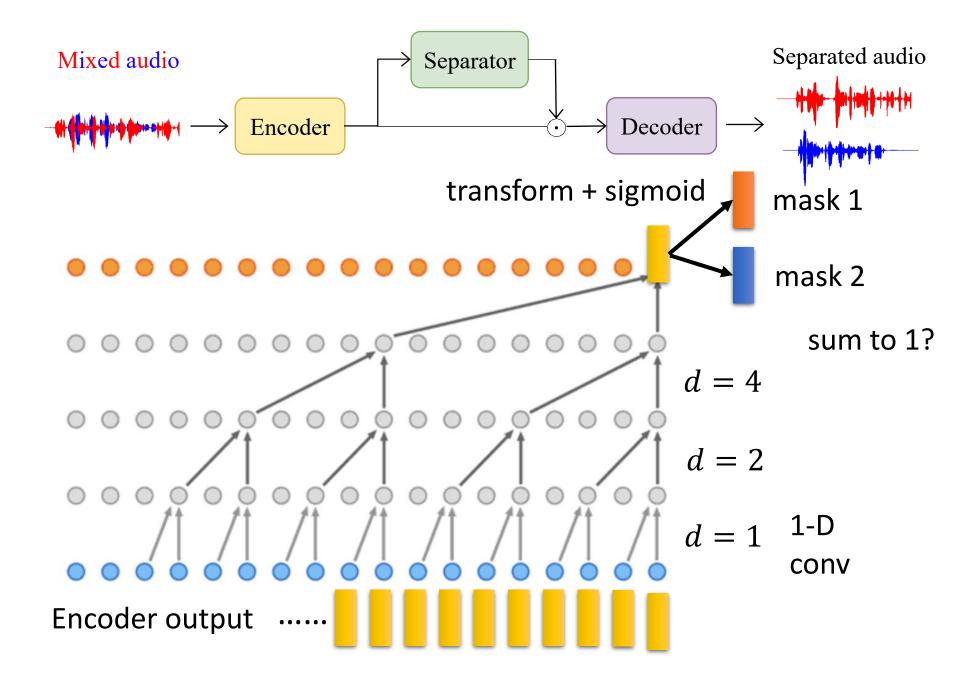
[Yang, et al., ICASSP'20]

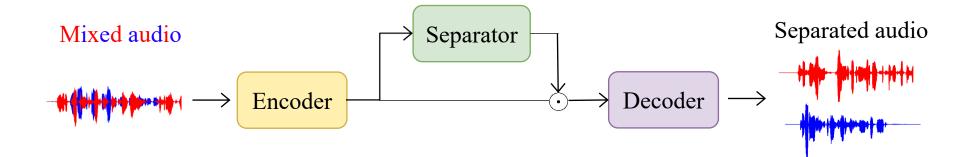
# TasNet – Time-domain AudioSeparation Network[Luo, et al., TASLP'19]

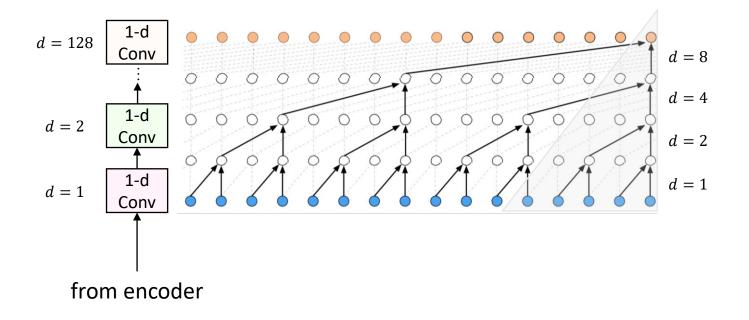


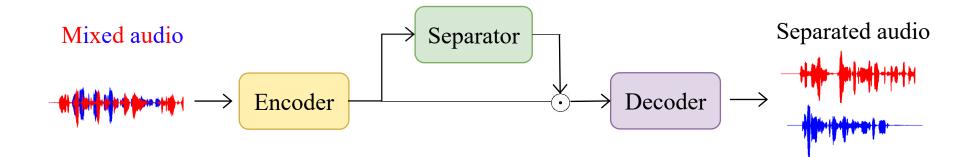


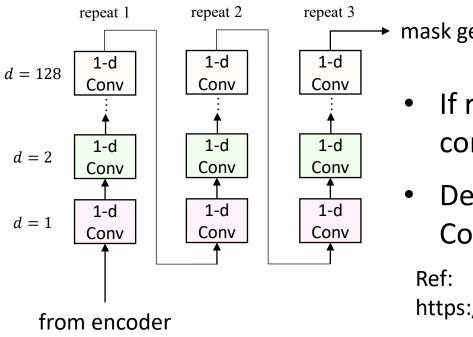












mask generation

- If repeat 3, the model considers 1.53s
- Depthwise Separable Convolution

https://youtu.be/L0TOXINpCJ8

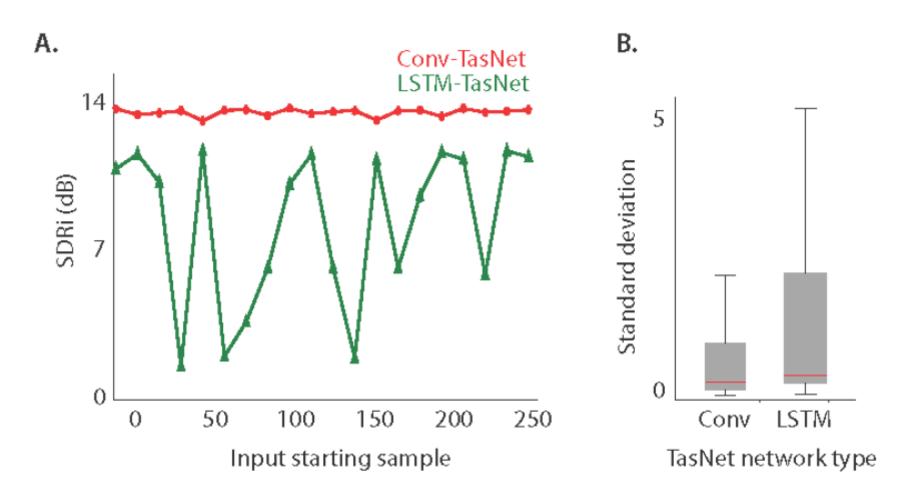
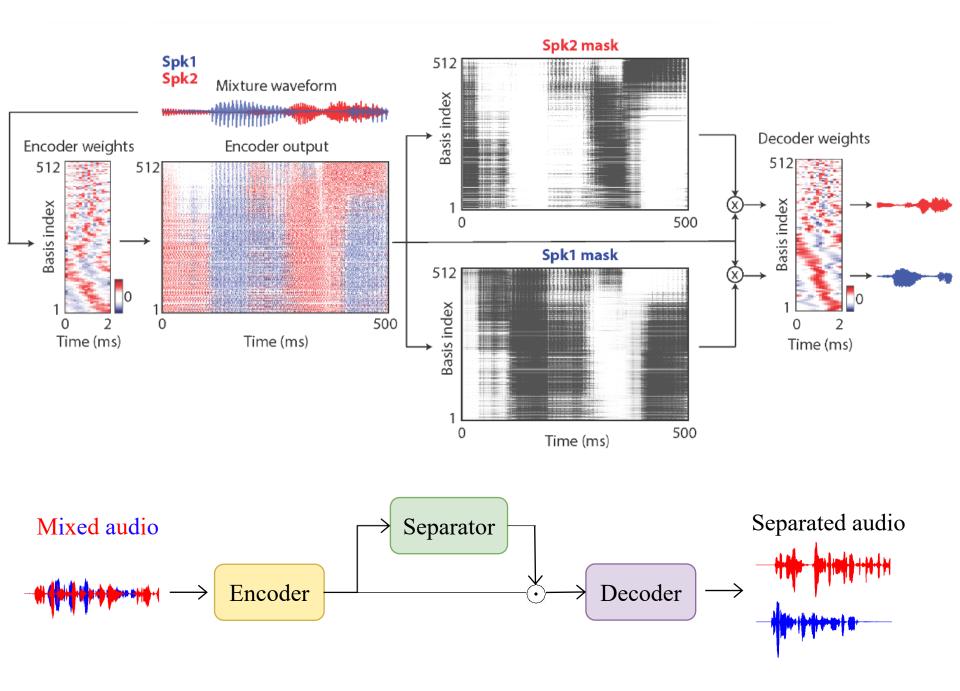


Fig. 4. (A): SDRi of an example mixture separated using LSTM-TasNet and causal Conv-TasNet as a function of the starting point in the mixture. The performance of Conv-TasNet is considerably more consistent and insensitive to the start point. (B): Standard deviation of SDRi across all the mixtures in the WSJ0-2mix test set with varying starting points.

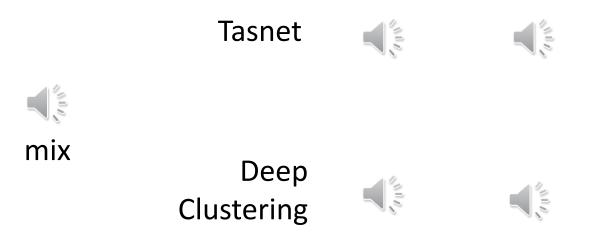


Model	$\Delta SI$ -	$\Delta$ SDR
	SDR	
Deep Clustering (Isik et al., 2016)	10.8	-
uPIT-blstm-st (Kolbaek et al., 2017)	-	10.0
Deep Attractor Net. (Chen et al., 2017)	10.5	-
Anchored Deep Attr. (Luo et al., 2018)	10.4	10.8
Grid LSTM PIT (Xu et al., 2018)	_	10.2
ConvLSTM-GAT (Li et al., 2018)	-	11.0
Chimera++ (Wang et al., 2018b)	11.5	12.0
WA-MISI-5 (Wang et al., 2018c)	12.6	13.1
blstm-TasNet (Luo & Mesgarani, 2018)	13.2	13.6
Conv-TasNet (Luo & Mesgarani, 2019)	15.3	15.6
Conv-TasNet+MBT (Lam et al., 2019)	15.5	15.9
DeepCASA (Liu & Wang, 2019)	17.7	18.0
FurcaNeXt (Zhang et al., 2020)	-	18.4
DualPathRNN (Luo et al., 2019)	18.8	19.0
Wavesplit	19.0	19.2
Wavesplit + Dynamic mixing	20.4	20.6

Table 2. SI-SDR and SDR improvements (dB) on WSJ0-2mix.

source of results: https://arxiv.org/pdf/2002.08933.pdf

## Are all the problems solved?



#### 感謝 Taiwan Al Labs Machine Learning Engineer 林資偉 同學提供實驗結果

## More ...



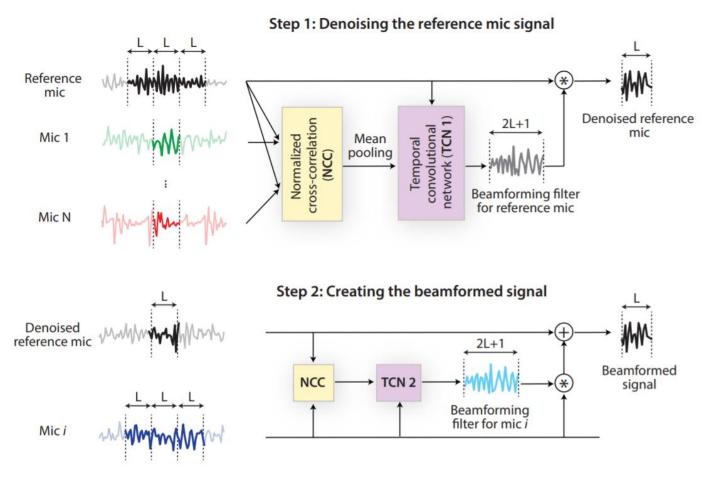
## Unknown number of speakers

[Takahashi, et al., INTERSPEECH'19] Mixture  $\hat{s}_1(t)$ x(t)One and rest  $\hat{s}_2(t)$ speech separation One and rest speech  $\hat{r}_1(t)$ separation  $\hat{r}_2(t)$ 1<sup>st</sup> iteration 2<sup>nd</sup> iteration recursively separating a speaker

Source of image: https://arxiv.org/pdf/1904.03065.pdf

## Multiple Microphones

[Luo, et al., ASRU'19]



Source of image: https://arxiv.org/pdf/1909.13387.pdf

## Task-oriented Optimization

## Who would listen to the results of speech enhancement or speaker separation?

for human



Quality Intelligibility

Optimizing STOI, PESQ Non-differentiable [Fu, et al., ICML'19] for machine



ASR Speaker Verification

Optimizing system performance

[Shon, et al., INTERSPEECH'19]

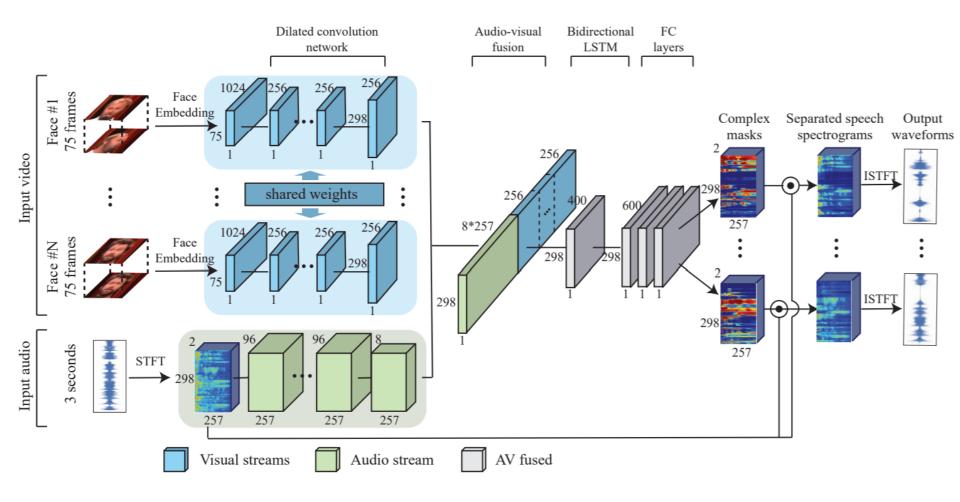
## Visual Information



https://ai.googleblog.com/2018/04/looking-to-listen-audio-visual-speech.html

## Visual Information

[Ephrat, et al., SIGGRAPH'18]



Source of image: https://arxiv.org/pdf/1804.03619.pdf

## To learn more .....

- Denoise Wavnet [Rethage, et al., ICASSP'18]
- Chimera++ [Wang, et al., ICASSP'18]
- Phase Reconstruction Model [Wang, et al., ICASSP'19]
- Deep Complex U-Net: Complex masking <sup>[Choi, et al., ICLR'19]</sup>
- Deep CASA: Make CASA great again! [Liu, et al., TASLP'19]
- Wavesplit: state-of-the-art on benchmark corpus WSJ0-2mix [Zeghidour, et al., arXiv'20]

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