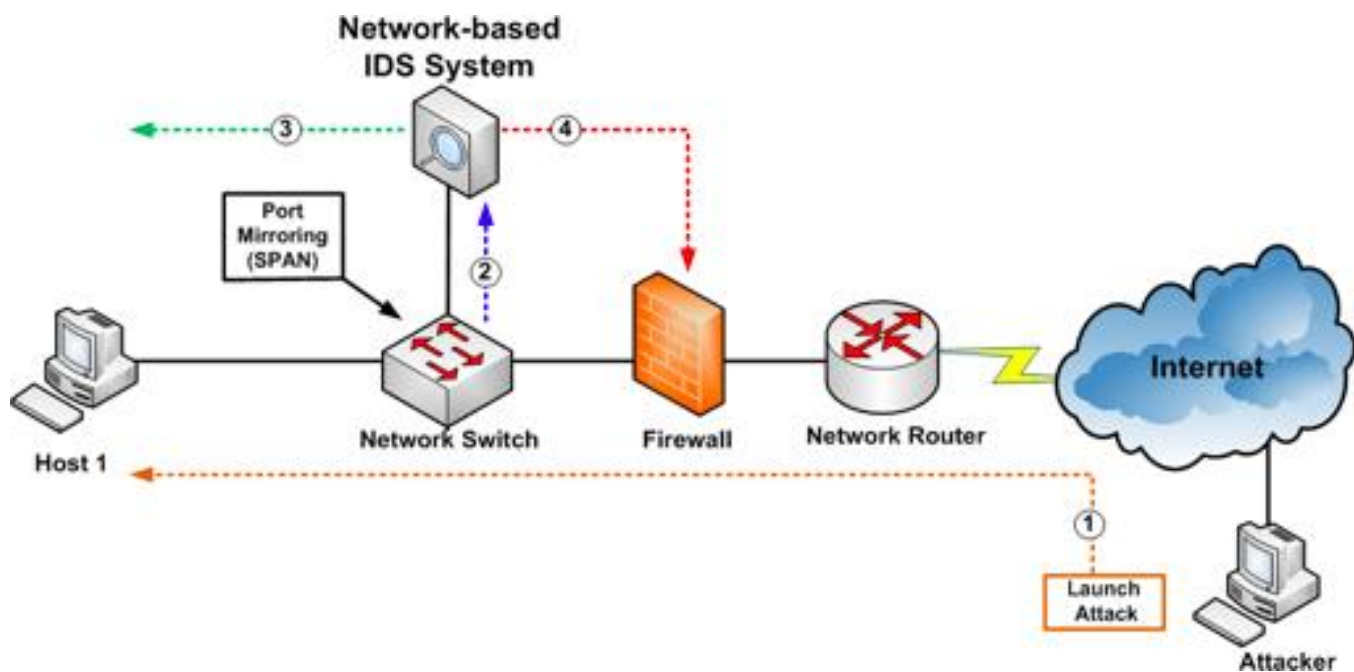

Cyber Security Attack Defender

[Kaggle link](#)

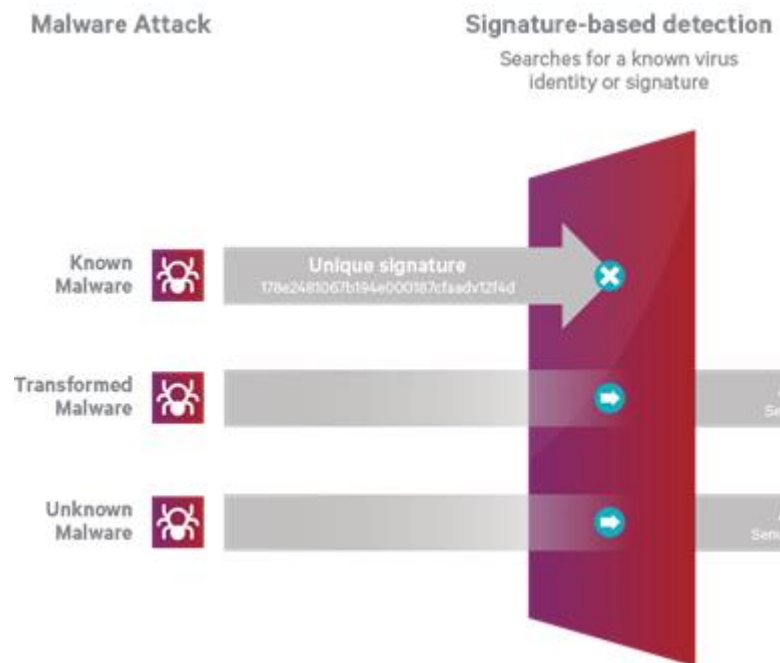
Introduction

Cyber Security Attack Defender



Traditional ways in Firewall

- Signature-based
- What if we use information of connection?



Dataset

- Based on DARPA'98 IDS evaluation program
- About 5 million connection records
- Number of columns: 42
 - 41 for connection information

```
0,tcp,http,SF,181,5450,0,0,0,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,8,8,0.00,0.00,0.00,0.00,1.00,0.00,0.00,9,9,1.00,0.00,0.11,0.00,0.00,0.00,0.00,0.00,normal.  
0,tcp,http,SF,239,486,0,0,0,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,8,8,0.00,0.00,0.00,0.00,1.00,0.00,0.00,19,19,1.00,0.00,0.05,0.00,0.00,0.00,0.00,0.00,normal.  
0,tcp,http,SF,235,1337,0,0,0,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,8,8,0.00,0.00,0.00,0.00,1.00,0.00,0.00,29,29,1.00,0.00,0.03,0.00,0.00,0.00,0.00,0.00,normal.  
0,tcp,http,SF,219,1337,0,0,0,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,6,6,0.00,0.00,0.00,0.00,1.00,0.00,0.00,39,39,1.00,0.00,0.03,0.00,0.00,0.00,0.00,0.00,normal.  
0,tcp,http,SF,217,2032,0,0,0,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,6,6,0.00,0.00,0.00,0.00,1.00,0.00,0.00,49,49,1.00,0.00,0.02,0.00,0.00,0.00,0.00,0.00,normal.  
0,tcp,http,SF,217,2032,0,0,0,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,6,6,0.00,0.00,0.00,0.00,1.00,0.00,0.00,59,59,1.00,0.00,0.02,0.00,0.00,0.00,0.00,0.00,normal.
```

Task

- Classify normal / bad connections
- Four types of attack
 - DOS: denial-of-service
 - R2L: unauthorized access from a remote machine
 - U2R: unauthorized access to local superuser (root) privileges
 - probing: surveillance and other probing
- Your Job is to predict the status of a connection :
 - Normal
 - What type of attack?

Columns Description

- Basic features
 - 9 columns
- Content features
 - 13 columns based on the action of the connections (ex. Login, sudo.....)
- Traffic features (2-seconds window)
 - 19 columns
 - Same host : same destination as the current connection
 - Same service : same service as the current connection

| Feature | Description | Type | Feature | Description | Type |
|----------------------|--|-------|---------------------------------|---|-------|
| 1. duration | Duration of the connection. | Cont. | 22. is guest login | 1 if the login is a "guest" login; 0 otherwise | Disc. |
| 2. protocol type | Connection protocol (e.g. tcp, udp) | Disc. | 23. Count | number of connections to the same host as the current connection in the past two seconds | Cont. |
| 3. service | Destination service (e.g. telnet, ftp) | Disc. | 24. srv count | number of connections to the same service as the current connection in the past two seconds | Cont. |
| 4. flag | Status flag of the connection | Disc. | 25. serror rate | % of connections that have "SYN" errors | Cont. |
| 5. source bytes | Bytes sent from source to destination | Cont. | 26. srv serror rate | % of connections that have "SYN" errors | Cont. |
| 6. destination bytes | Bytes sent from destination to source | Cont. | 27. rerror rate | % of connections that have "REJ" errors | Cont. |
| 7. land | 1 if connection is from/to the same host/port; 0 otherwise | Disc. | 28. srv rerror rate | % of connections that have "REJ" errors | Cont. |
| 8. wrong fragment | number of wrong fragments | Cont. | 29. same srv rate | % of connections to the same service | Cont. |
| 9. urgent | number of urgent packets | Cont. | 30. diff srv rate | % of connections to different services | Cont. |
| 10. hot | number of "hot" indicators | Cont. | 31. srv diff host rate | % of connections to different hosts | Cont. |
| 11. failed logins | number of failed logins | Cont. | 32. dst host count | count of connections having the same destination host | Cont. |
| 12. logged in | 1 if successfully logged in; 0 otherwise | Disc. | 33. dst host srv count | count of connections having the same destination host and using the same service | Cont. |
| 13. # compromised | number of "compromised" conditions | Cont. | 34. dst host same srv rate | % of connections having the same destination host and using the same service | Cont. |
| 14. root shell | 1 if root shell is obtained; 0 otherwise | Cont. | 35. dst host diff srv rate | % of different services on the current host | Cont. |
| 15. su attempted | 1 if "su root" command attempted; 0 otherwise | Cont. | 36. dst host same src port rate | % of connections to the current host having the same src port | Cont. |
| 16. # root | number of "root" accesses | Cont. | 37. dst host srv diff host rate | % of connections to the same service coming from different hosts | Cont. |
| 17. # file creations | number of file creation operations | Cont. | 38. dst host serror rate | % of connections to the current host that have an S0 error | Cont. |
| 18. # shells | number of shell prompts | Cont. | 39. dst host srv serror rate | % of connections to the current host and specified service that have an S0 error | Cont. |
| 19. # access files | number of operations on access control files | Cont. | 40. dst host rerror rate | % of connections to the current host that have an RST error | Cont. |
| 20. # outbound cmds | number of outbound commands in an ftp session | Cont. | 41. dst host srv rerror rate | % of connections to the current host and specified service that have an RST error | Cont. |
| 21. is hot login | 1 if the login belongs to the "hot" list; 0 otherwise | Disc. | | | |

Attack types

- Four types of attacks included manifold methods of malware
- See `training_attack_types.txt` for details

Submission

- Please label the connection as follows:
 - 0 -> normal
 - 1 -> dos
 - 2 -> u2r
 - 3 -> r2l
 - 4 -> probe

For your reference.....

- Search for DARPA1998
- A survey of DM and ML methods for Cyber Security Intrusion Detection